

# Effective Cloud Service Management through Volunteer Computing

Nirupadi Tidigol, T.P.Lokesh, Thrilochana Kumar Y.P

**Abstract:** Cloud computing Delivers the computing resources to the user as a service over an internet. It uses wireless services with a user's data, software and computation. So spreaded over almost all IT sector and become a rich area of research. Cloud Computing composes of virtualization, on demand deployment. Here user has to pay for the application on which they want. So extensive and effective cloud security is provided by using Digital certificate to ensure the correctness of data, as the number of users increases cloud server may busy and failure to provide the services to the users, volunteer computing can be used to maintain the load balance of a cloud server

**Keywords:** Cloud computing, Digital Certificate service models, secure cloud service, and Volunteer computing.

## I. INTRODUCTION

Cloud computing uses the computing resources that are delivered as a service over an internet. Cloud computing entrusts wireless services with the user's data, software and computation. It spreaded over almost all IT field and it become a rich area of research. Cloud is used as a metaphor for the internet based on how the internet is represented in the computer network diagrams and is an abstraction for the complex infrastructure

Cloud Computing composed of virtualization, on demand deployment. Cloud computing changes how we contrive, develop, deploy, scale, update, maintain and pay for application and the infrastructure on which the user used. Because of these benefits, Cloud Computing requires an effective and extensive security mechanism to ensure the correctness of user's data in the cloud. Quality of service is an important factor to provide the service to the user.

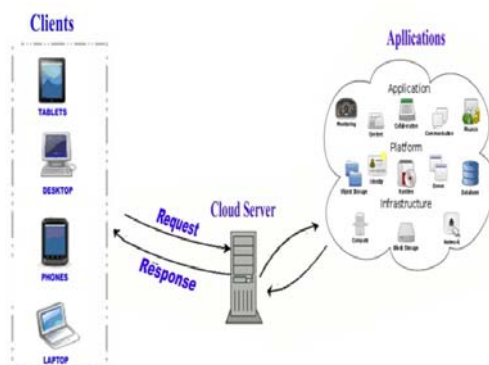


Fig 1 Cloud computing schematic diagram

The systems architecture of the software systems involved in the delivery of cloud computing, it involves multiple cloud components communicating with each other over a loose coupling mechanism such as a messaging queue. The Inter cloud is an interconnected global "cloud of clouds" and an extension of the Internet.

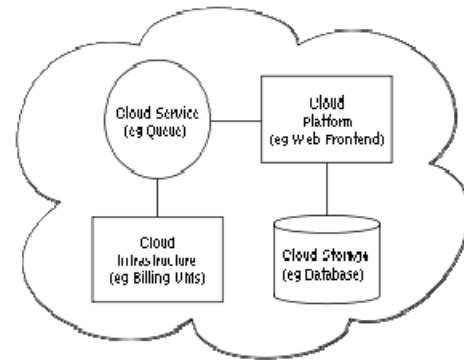


Fig 2 Cloud computing simple architecture

## Advantages

- Companies need to pay only for the storage actually they used, as it is also possible for companies by utilizing actual virtual storage features like thin clients.
- Companies do not need to install physical storage devices in their own datacenter or offices.
- Storage maintenance tasks, such as backup, data replication, and purchasing additional storage devices are offloaded to the responsibility of a service provider.
- Cloud storage can be used for copying virtual machine images from the cloud to on-premise locations or to import a virtual machine image from an on-premise to the cloud image library.

## II SERVICE MODELS

Cloud computing models can be mapped with layers of business value pyramid as shown in below:

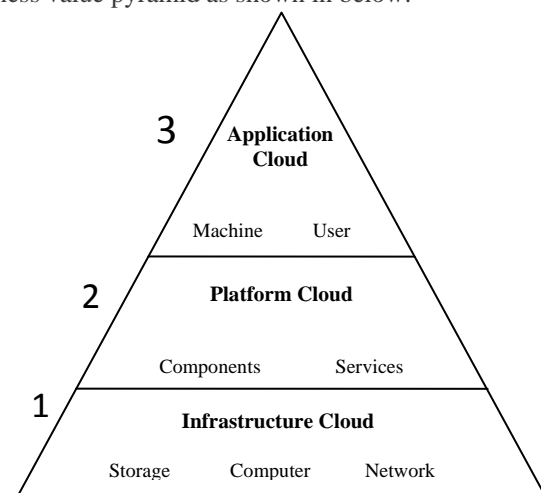


Fig 3 Cloud computing models can be mapped with layers of business value pyramid

Cloud computing providers offer their services according to the following three fundamental models:

1. Infrastructure as a service (IaaS)
2. Platform as a service (PaaS)
3. Software as a service (SaaS)

Where IaaS is the most basic and each higher model abstracts from the details of the lower models.

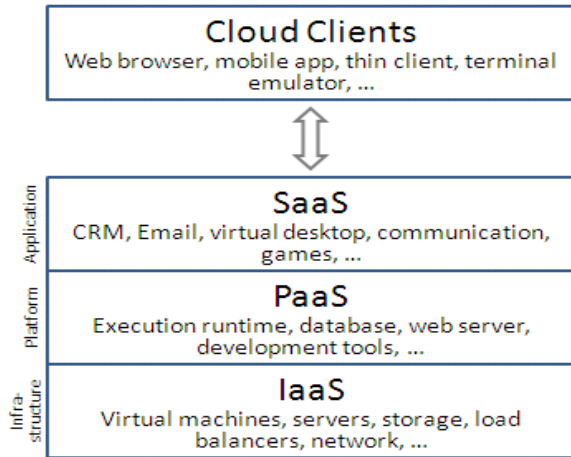


Fig 4. Layer architecture of models

*Infrastructure as a service (IaaS)*

It is the basic cloud service model, cloud providers offer computers, as physical or more often as virtual machines, and other resources. Examples: Amazon Cloud Formation (Amazon EC2) and Google Compute Engine.

*Platform as a service (PaaS)*

Here, cloud providers deliver a computing platform typically including operating system, programming language execution environment, database, and web server. Examples: Amazon Elastic Beanstalk, Google App Engine, and OrangeScape.

*Software as a service (SaaS)*

In this model cloud providers install and operate the application software in the cloud and cloud user access the software from cloud clients. The cloud users do not manage the cloud infrastructure and platform on which the application is running.

**III. DEPLOYMENT MODELS**

*Public cloud*

In this model applications, storage and other resources are made available to the general public by a service provider. These services are free or offered on a pay.

*Community cloud*

Community cloud shares infrastructure between several organizations from a specific community with common concerns (security, compliance, jurisdiction, etc.), whether managed internally or by a third-party and hosted internally or externally.

*Hybrid cloud*

It is a composition of two or more clouds (private, community or public) that remain unique entities but they are bound together, offering the benefits of multiple deployment models.

*Private cloud*

Private cloud is operated solely for a single organization, whether managed internally or by a third-party and hosted internally or externally.

**IV. SECURE CLOUD SERVICES**

While accessing the cloud Services from a service provider, privacy and security will play a major roll. Security model must be developed which ensures CAI (confidentiality, availability and integrity). as the number of users enhances, the probability of cybercrime increases. Cloud computing is becoming a tempting target for cybercrime. To overcome this problem we introduce Digital Certificate mechanism to accessing the services securely.

**DIGITAL CERTIFICATE CREATION**

Certification creation involves several steps as shown in below:

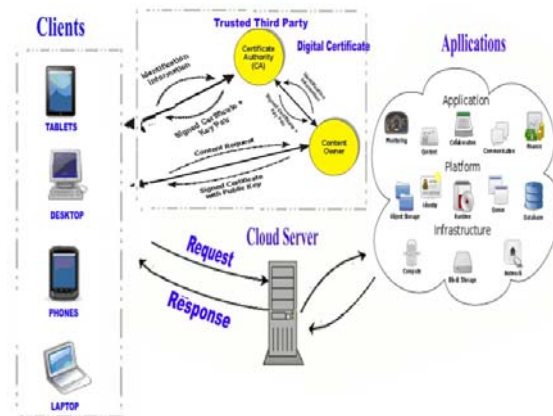
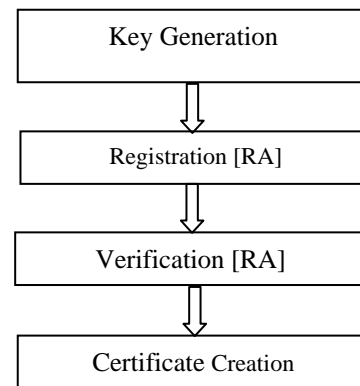


Fig.5. client access the service from the cloud service through Digital Certificate

Algorithm for Secure cloud service access from service Provider:

- Step 1: start
- Step 2: select the input data (Services) to be accessed
- Step 3: Key generation will be done by the RA
- Step 4: Public key will be sent to the RA for registration
- Step 6: Once registration completes RA Has to verify the client credential
- Step 7: RA passes all the verification process to CA,CA Does its own verification if required and create

- digital certificate for the clients
- Step 8: Based on the Digital certificate, client will Request service from a cloud server
- Step 9: Based on the digital certificate and request from the client cloud server will provide service to the clients
- Step 10: End.

**V. CLOUD SERVICE THROUGH VOLUNTEER COMPUTING**  
 As the number of clients' increases, cloud server will get busy for providing services to the clients, to reduce this load we introduce volunteer computing. This application contains mainly to perform the operation of Watermarking effectively and with faster performance. The function to be performed will be sent to server and intern the server sends it to volunteers. Volunteer computing consist of three modules:

Cloud server, cloud clients and cloud volunteer.

**Cloud Server**

When client made a request regarding service from the cloud server, the function to be performed will be sent to server and in turn the server sends it to volunteers. Depending upon the time taken for the execution of the task by the volunteers, the server allots the task to perform. Here the cloud server uses Dispatching Algorithm to perform the task.

[Dispatching algorithm is to find the least load server for dispatching]

**Cloud clients**

Clients request cloud service to the server by providing Authentication (digital certificate) after establishing connection with the server.

**Cloud volunteer**

Volunteer will perform the task assigned by the cloud server based on the client request. Volunteer will share the cloud applications from cloud server.

- the least load server.
- Step 6: If the incoming method is indeed a stateful request, a session table is created.
- Step 7: Checks for expiration of the session.
- Step 8: Algorithm does TCP header rewriting to forward Packets, to and from the intended server of that Connection.
- Step 9: Stop.

**CONCLUSION**

Using the digital certificate mechanism, cloud computing delivers the resources to the user securely. So it provides extensive and effective security to the cloud server as well as cloud clients. And also volunteer computing provides the solutions to reduce the server load balance. Hence speedy and secure services can be access by a client form the service provider.

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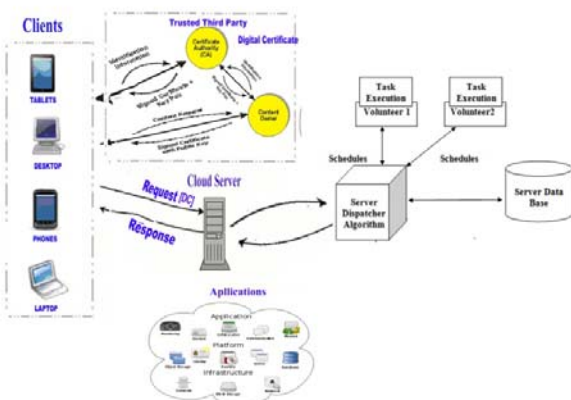


Fig 6. Cloud service through volunteer computing

**DISPATCHER ALGORITHM**

- Step 1: Configuration of TCP
- Step 2: Checks the TCP connection table entry
- Step 3: Check if the incoming packets is in the range of Stateful service.
- Step 4: Check whether the packet is singleton or client activated method.
- Step 5: Directs the connection construction request to